

What will the Kina exchange rate be one year from now?

By Rohan Fox
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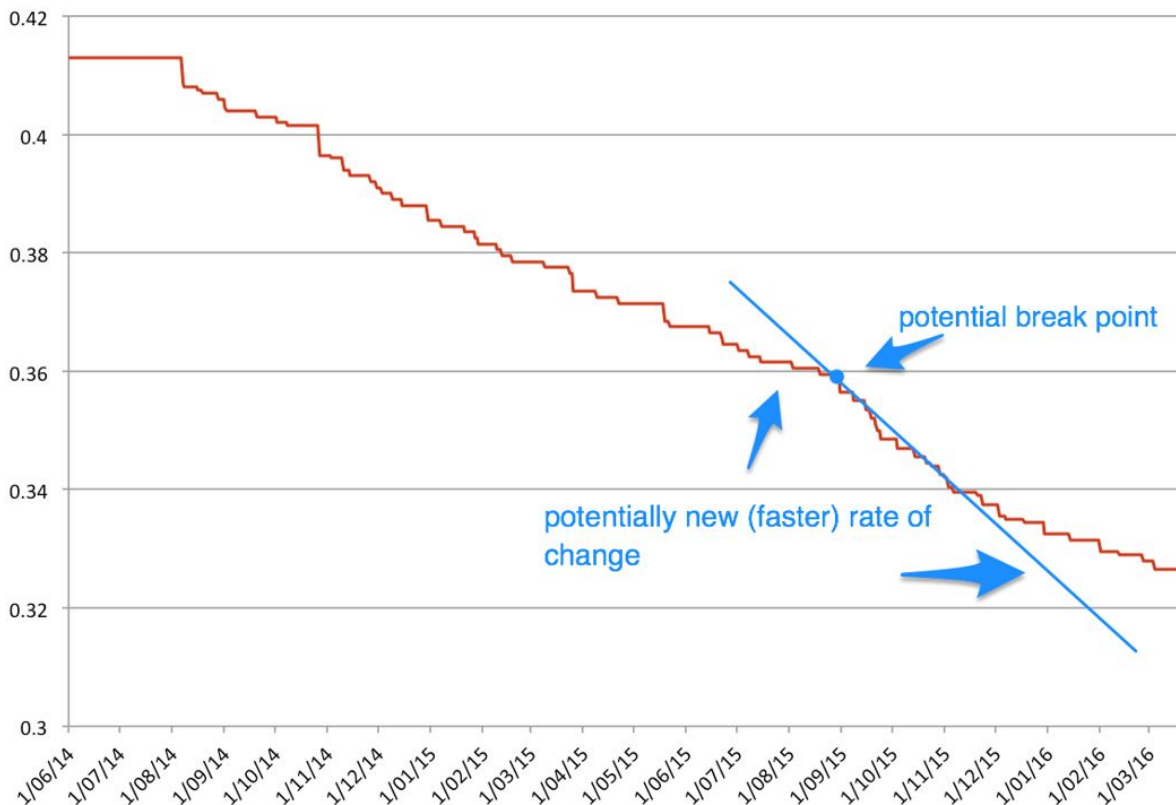
Since the institution of exchange rate trading bands in 2014 till now (21 March 2016), the Kina has been depreciating (on average) at a relatively steady rate of approximately 0.014 US cents per day (0.10 cents a week, 0.44 cents a month or 5.25 cents per year). In percentage terms, the rate of depreciation is 14.6 per cent per year (using a log model). While it is important to note that the Kina exchange rate is in fact relatively stronger and less competitive with more important trading partners than the US (like Australia and Malaysia), this post will focus on the Kina/USD exchange rate.

The [IMF \[pdf\]](#) and [others](#) have suggested that the relatively steady rate of decline in the Kina/USD exchange rate, which is being managed by the government, should be sped up, so that the rate more quickly achieves a market rate. This way, importers can access foreign exchange to pay international suppliers, and exporters are not hurt by the double whammy of low prices for their goods, and reduced competitiveness.

I conducted some analysis to confirm the robustness of my findings. In late October of last year I noticed an interesting change in the rate of depreciation, a potential “break” in the exchange rate data. That is, a date after which the rate of change becomes quicker. According to an initial analysis, which I conducted in December 2015, the rate of change after the potential break was almost exactly double the 0.014 US cents per day average rate of change of the period before the break.

If there had been a break, then any forecast about future exchange rates would have to be revised downwards, so even if it turns out to be insignificant, it is worth checking. On the graph below I have shown the potential break point, which occurs on 8 August 2015.

Exchange rate Kina/USD (Bank of PNG)



Source: Official BPNG Kina-USD exchange rates

I used an econometric technique called a Chow test to determine whether (statistically) the rate of change after 8 August 2015 could be said to be depreciating at a different (faster) rate.

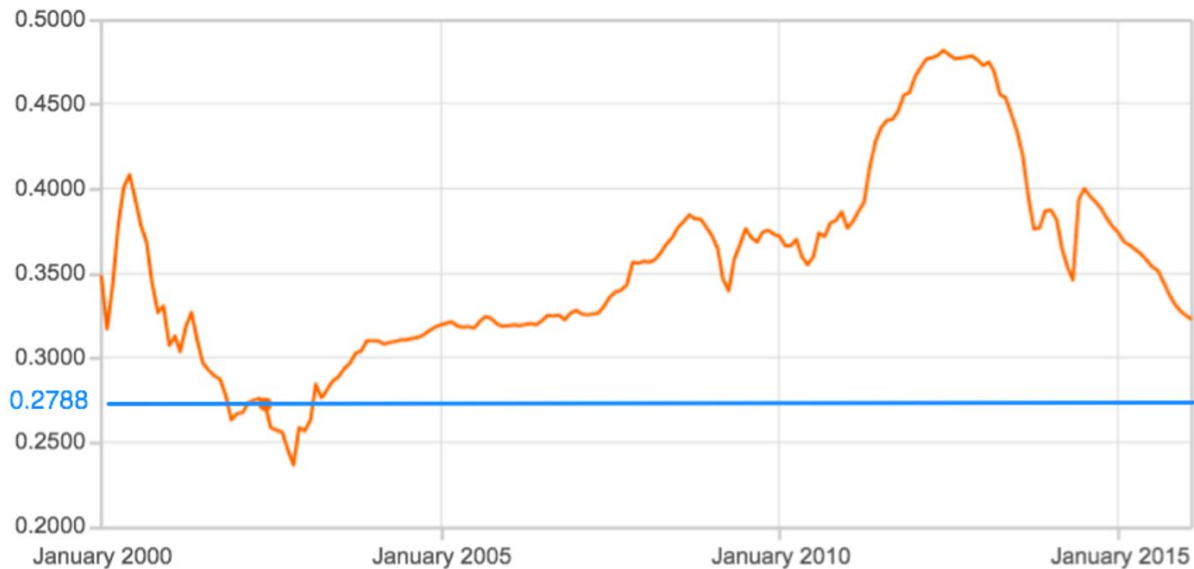
I used a linear regression model (which assumes that there is a linear relationship - i.e., for every day passed, the exchange rate moves down a consistent number of dollars/cents). And I also tested a logarithmic regression model (which assumes a logarithmic relationship - i.e., for every day passed, the exchange rate moves down a consistent percentage). However, for both, the Chow test (using data up to 18 March 2016) indicated that any change could not be considered as statistically significant.

This suggests that the data for the few months after 8 August 2015 does not deviate significantly from the overall average, which suggests that it is temporary change, and that the overall trend is more likely to continue than the recent one. You can see from the graph above that the rate of change seems to slow again in January. This means we can have greater confidence in the data that suggests a rate of depreciation of 14.6 per cent per year.

The exchange rate as of 21 March 2016 is 0.3265, which means, if trends continue, this time

next year the exchange rate would be 0.2788. This would be a rate not seen since 2003.

Kina/USD: January 2000 to March 2016



Source: Oanda (2016); monthly bid averages

Although 2003 is before PNG's resources boom, more depreciation might be required, given higher inflation in PNG, and so greater real exchange rate appreciation than nominal exchange rate appreciation.

There are a few caveats to make for this prediction. The first is that government policy may change, and as such there is no guarantee that the rate of depreciation will stay the same in the future. Secondly, at some point the exchange rate may reach a market rate and stop depreciating. However, with still [reportedly](#) large unfilled orders for foreign exchange, the market rate may be some way off, unless there is resurgence in global commodity prices.

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About the author/s

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Rohan Fox was a Research Officer at the Development Policy Centre. He lectured in the economics program at the University of Papua New Guinea in 2015, 2016 and 2020.

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